

LED3400W - February 17, 2023

Item # LED3400W was discontinued on February 17, 2023. For informational purposes, this is a copy of the website content at that time and is valid only for the stated product.

UNMOUNTED LEDs

- LEDs in the UV, Visible, or IR Spectral Ranges
- Broadband Light Sources
- Compatible with Versatile LED Mounts

Application Idea

TO-18 LED Shown
 in LEDMF Mount
 (Post Not Included)



LEDMT1E
 USB-Powered
 LED Mount



T-1 3/4 Package

TO-18 Package
 with Glass Lens

TO-46 Package
 with Glass Lens

TO-39
 Package UV
 LED with Ball

TO-18 Package
 with Glass Cover

TO-39 Package
 with Window

TO-39 Package
 UV LED with
 Aspheric Glass Lens

TO-18R Package

TO-39 Package
 with Glass Lens

[Hide Overview](#)

OVERVIEW

Features

- Unmounted LEDs in TO-Can Packages
- Wide Range of Center Wavelengths Available (See Table to the Right)
 - Single-Color LEDs from 250 nm to 4.5 μ m
 - Multi-Color LEDs
 - White Light LEDs (430 - 660 nm)
- LED Output Powers Ranging from 6 μ W to 170 mW
- Select LEDs Sold in Packs of 5
- Mounting Options (Post Mountable or SM Threaded) and LED Socket Available
- Other LED Configurations Include Mounted LEDs, Fiber-Coupled LEDs, and Collimated LEDs (See *LED Selection Guide* Tab for Full List of Options)



Click to Enlarge
 LED630E Red LED Mounted in
 an LEDMT1F USB-Powered
 LED Mount Using an LMR05
 Lens Mount

Quick Links

| |
|----------------------------------|
| UV with Ball Lens (250 - 275 nm) |
| UV (260 - 405 nm) |
| Visible (430 - 680 nm) |
| IR (750 - 1600 nm) |
| MIR (1650 - 4500 nm) |
| Multi Color |
| White Light (430 - 660 nm) |
| USB-Powered LED Mounts |
| LED Mounts |
| LED Socket |

Light-emitting diodes (LEDs) are compact, energy-efficient light sources that can emit light over a wide range of wavelengths. Thorlabs offers unmounted LEDs for center wavelengths from 250 nm to 4.5 μ m. These unmounted LEDs are available epoxy-encased in T-1 3/4 packages or in a variety of TO-can style housings, including TO-18, TO-46, TO-39, \varnothing 9 mm, and TO-18R. A selection of the UV LEDs have ball lenses that focus the output into a narrow viewing half angle of no more than 7.5°, while the other LEDs that are in TO-can style packages are offered with flat windows, glass covers, glass lenses, or parabolic retroreflectors.

Use the Quick Links table to the right to view LEDs within a specific wavelength range. General information about each LED is provided in the tables to compare specifications. Complete specifications and a spectrum plot are provided in the spec sheets, which can be accessed by clicking on the red docs icon (📄) next to the Item # below.

Due to unmounted LEDs typically having significant divergence angles, the output light frequently needs to be focused through a lens for use within an experimental setup. Aspheric condenser lenses (available uncoated for 380 - 2100 nm or with an AR coating for 350 - 700 nm or 650 - 1050 nm) are ideal for collimating the light from our unmounted LEDs with a center wavelength from 405 nm to 1600 nm. Unmounted LEDs with center wavelengths from 1650 nm to 4500 nm feature parabolic reflectors that reduce the output divergence angle. The *Characterization* tab describes sample methods and equipment for characterizing the light output from the majority of LEDs offered on this page. To discuss other options, please contact Tech Support.

If you do not see an LED with the wavelength/color, optical power, or viewing angle desired, please contact Tech Support, and we will work to obtain one for you and consider adding it to our permanent offerings.

[Hide Characterization](#)

CHARACTERIZATION

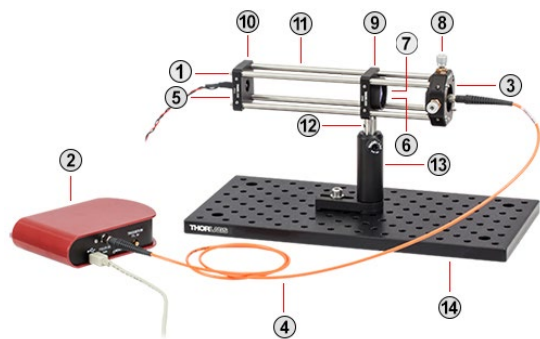
Light-Emitting Diode (LED) Characterization Methods

Thorlabs offers the items and equipment necessary to characterize the light emission properties of the majority of LEDs sold on this page. The different specifications which may be determined using the methods and equipment below are:

- Spectral Distribution
- Full Width at Half Maximum (FWHM)
- Radial Intensity Distribution
- Half Viewing Angle
- Forward Radiated Optical Power
- Total Optical Power

Measurement Technique for Spectral Distribution and FWHM

A CCS200(/M) Fiber-Coupled Compact Spectrometer connected to a computer can be used to measure the spectral response of LEDs in the UV*/visible wavelength range (200 - 1000 nm; for LEDs emitting in NIR, use the OSA202C). The LED may be powered by an LD1255R Laser Diode Driver operating in constant current mode. The light from the LED is focused by an LB1761 Bi-Convex Lens, $f = 25.4$ mm, into a $\text{\O}50$ μm core multimode fiber patch cable with SMA905 connectors attached to the spectrometer.



Click to Enlarge

| # | Imperial Item # | Metric Item # | Product Description | Qty. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|------|
| Visible LEDs (245 nm - 940 nm) | | | | |
| 1 | - | - | LED (245 nm - 940 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 ^b | CCS200 | CCS200/M | Compact Spectrometer, Extended Range: 200 - 1000 nm | 1 |
| 3 | SM1SMA | - | SMA Fiber Adapter Plate | 1 |
| 4 | M14L01 | - | $\text{\O}50$ μm , SMA905 Fiber Patch Cable | 1 |
| NIR LEDs (635 nm - 1650 nm) | | | | |
| 1 | - | - | LED (635 nm - 1650 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 | OSA202C | - | Optical Spectrum Analyzer, Wavelength Range: 600 - 1700 nm | 1 |
| 3 | SM1FC | - | FC/PC Fiber Adapter Plate | 1 |
| 4 | M42L01 | - | $\text{\O}50$ μm , FC/PC Fiber Patch Cable | 1 |

| General | | | | |
|---------|--------------------|-----------|--|---|
| 5 | S05LEDM | | SM05 LED Mount | 1 |
| 6 | LB1676 | | N-BK7 Bi-Convex Lens, Ø1", f = 100.0 mm | 1 |
| 7 | SM1L03 | | SM1 Lens Tube, 0.3" Thread Depth | 1 |
| 8 | CXY1A ^c | | XY Translating Lens Mount for Ø1" Optics | 1 |
| 9 | CP33 | CP33/M | SM1-Threaded 30 mm Cage Plate | 1 |
| 10 | CP32 | CP32/M | SM05-Threaded 30 mm Cage Plate | 1 |
| 11 | ER8-P4 | | Cage Assembly Rods, 8" Long, Ø6 mm, 4 Pack | 1 |
| 12 | TR2 | TR50/M | Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post | 1 |
| 13 | UPH3 | UPH75/M | Universal Post Holder, 3" (75 mm) | 1 |
| 14 | MB612 | MB1530/M | Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 12" (150 mm x 300 mm) | 1 |
| 15 | HW-KIT2 | HW-KIT2/M | 1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit | 1 |

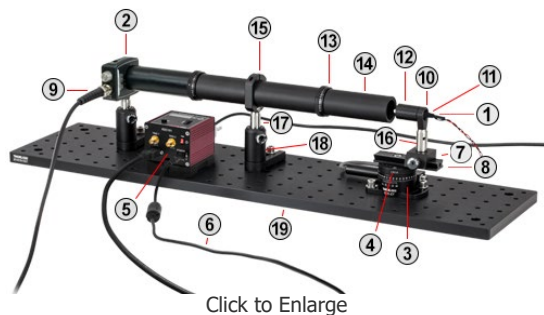
- a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.
- b. Please note that the CCS200 is shown in the photo to the left.
- c. The previous generation CXY1 Translating Lens Mount is shown in the photo to the left.

*Please note that the CCS200 spectrometer cannot be amplitude calibrated below 380 nm. When performing broadband power measurements, a large difference in the relative response of the system from the UV to the visible inhibits reliable power readings in the UV.

Measurement Technique for Radial Intensity Distribution and the Half Viewing Angle

To make a measurement of the intensity pattern as a function of angle, the LED can be rotated on an axis perpendicular to the axis along which the emitted light intensity is the greatest. Goniometric rotation of the LED is achieved by mounting the LED on a post attached to a Motorized Rotation Stage so that the rotation axis goes through the light emitting surface of the LED. The stage is controlled by a brushed DC servo motor, such as our KDC101, while the LED is powered by an LD1255R Laser Diode Driver. The radiated light is detected using either a Si or Ge Photodiode, DET36A2 or DET30B2 respectively, located approximately 12 inches from the LED. The S05LEDM LED Mount is recessed within the SM05M10 Lens Tube such that the front of the LED is centered above the center of the rotation stage. To keep stray or scattered light from hitting the detector, SM1 Lens Tubes are attached to the detector that extends to just short of the LED. Two SM1D12C Iris Apertures are placed along the path from the LED to the detector. The iris closer to the LED has an aperture diameter of 10 mm while the aperture nearest the detector has a diameter of 3 mm.

As the LED rotates, the output of the photodiode detector, which is proportional to the light intensity, is recorded for each angular position using a data acquisition card. The LED is rotated from +90° to -90°, where 0° approximately corresponds to when the axis of maximum intensity is parallel to the detector axis. The half viewing angle specification is determined by the angle that corresponds to a 50% drop from the maximum detector output.



| # | Imperial Item # | Metric Item # | Product Description | Qty. |
|--|-----------------|---------------|---|------|
| Visible LEDs (365 nm - 1070 nm) | | | | |
| 1 | - | - | LED (365 nm - 1070 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 | DET36A2 | - | Silicon Photodiode Wavelength Range: 350 - 1100 nm | 1 |

| NIR LEDs (850 nm - 1750 nm) | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|---|
| 1 | - | | LED (850 nm - 1750 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 | DET30B2 | | Germanium Photodetector Wavelength Range: 800 - 1800 nm | 1 |
| General | | | | |
| 3 | - | | Motorized Rotation Stage | 1 |
| 4 | CR1A | CR1A/M | CR1 Adapter Plate | 1 |
| 5 | KDC101 | | K-Cube™ DC Servo Motor Controller | 1 |
| 6 | KPS201 ^b | | 15 V Power Supply for One K- or T-Cube™ | 1 |
| 7 | RC1 | | Rail Carrier, 1" x 1" | 1 |
| 8 | RLA0300 | RLA075/M | Dovetail Optical Rail, 3" (75 mm) | 1 |
| 9 | 2249-C-36 | | BNC Coaxial Cable, BNC Male to BNC Male | 1 |
| 10 | LMR05S | LMR05S/M | Ø1/2" Lens Mount with Internal and External SM05 Threads | 1 |
| 11 | S05LEDM | | SM05 LED Mount | 1 |
| 12 | SM05M10 | | SM05 Lens Tube without External Threads, 1" Long | 1 |
| 13 | SM1D12C | | Graduated, Ring-Activated SM1 Iris Diaphragm | 2 |
| 14 | SM1L30 | | SM1 Lens Tube, 3" Thread Depth | 4 |
| 15 | SM1RC | SM1RC/M | SM1 Series Slim Lens Tube Slip Ring | 1 |
| 16 | TR1 | TR30/M | Ø1/2" x 1" (30 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post | 1 |
| 17 | TR2 | TR50/M | Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post | 2 |
| 18 | UPH2 | UPH50/M | Universal Post Holder, 2" (50 mm) | 2 |
| 19 | MB624 | MB1560/M | Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 24" (150 mm x 600 mm) | 1 |
| 20 | HW-KIT2 | HW-KIT2/M | 1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit | 1 |

- a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.
- b. The photo to the left shows a previous-generation KPS101 Power Supply.

Measurement Technique for Determining the Forward Radiated Optical Power

The total forward radiated power of the LED can be measured using a PM400 Power and Energy Meter with an S120VC Power Sensor (for UV/visible wavelength LEDs) or S122C Power Sensor (for NIR LEDs). See the picture below.



Click to Enlarge

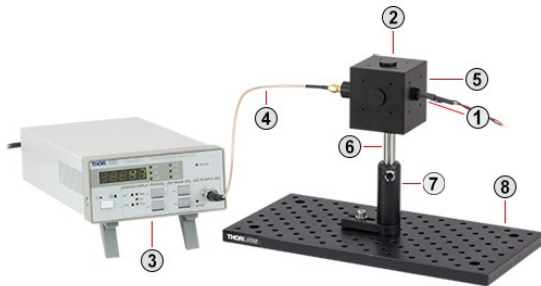
| # | Imperial Item # | Metric Item # | Product Description | Qty. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|------|
| Visible LEDs (245 nm - 1070 nm) | | | | |
| 1 | - | | LED (245 nm - 1070 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 | S120VC | | Photodiode Power Sensor, Si Wavelength Range: 200 - 1100 nm | 1 |

| NIR LEDs (780 nm - 1750 nm) | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------|--|---|
| 1 | - | | LED (780 nm - 1750 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 | S122C | | Photodiode Power Sensor, Ge Wavelength Range: 700 - 1800 nm | 1 |
| General | | | | |
| 3 | PM400 | | Touch Screen Power and Energy Meter | 1 |
| 4 | LMR05S | LMR05S/M | Ø1/2" Lens Mount with Internal and External SM05 Threads | 1 |
| 5 | S05LEDM | | SM05 LED Mount | 1 |
| 6 | SM05M10 | | SM05 Lens Tube without External Threads, 1" Long | 1 |
| 7 | SM1A1 | | Adapter with External SM05 Threads and Internal SM1 Threads | 1 |
| 8 | SM1L05 | | SM1 Lens Tube, 0.5" Thread Depth | 1 |
| 9 | TR2 | TR50/M | Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm) Stainless Steel Optical Post | 2 |
| 10 | UPH3 | UPH75/M | Universal Post Holder, 3" (75 mm) | 2 |
| 11 | MB612 | MB1530/M | Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 12" (150 mm x 300 mm) | 1 |
| 12 | HW-KIT2 | HW-KIT2/M | 1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit | 1 |

- a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.

Measurement Technique for Determining the Total Optical Power

The total optical output power of an LED can be measured using an integrating sphere. The radiated light is detected using either a Silicon (for UV or visible wavelength LEDs) or InGaAs (for NIR LEDs) Photodiode and Integrating Sphere, such as the IS200 with SM05PD2A or IS210C, respectively. The sphere may be calibrated with a laser source such as the Thorlabs CPS635R Laser Diode Module. The output of the photodiode can be amplified and measured using our PDA200C Benchtop Photodiode Amplifier.



Click to Enlarge

| # | Imperial Item # | Metric Item # | Product Description | Qty. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---|------|
| Visible LEDs (245 nm - 1070 nm) | | | | |
| 1 | - | | LED (245 nm - 1070 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 | IS200 SM05PD2A | | Ø2" Integrating Sphere, Si Photodiode, Wavelength: 200 - 1100 nm | 1 |
| NIR LEDs (850 nm - 1750 nm) | | | | |
| 1 | - | | LED (850 nm - 1750 nm) ^a | 1 |
| 2 | IS210C | | Ø2" Integrating Sphere, InGaAs Sensor, Wavelength Range: 800 - 1800 nm | 1 |
| General | | | | |
| 3 | PDA200C | | Benchtop Photodiode Amplifier | 1 |

| | | | | |
|---|---------|-----------|--|---|
| 4 | CA2806 | | SMA Coaxial Cable, SMA to BNC | 1 |
| 5 | S05LEDM | | SM05 LED Mount | 1 |
| 6 | TR2 | TR50/M | Ø1/2" x 2" (50 mm), Stainless Steel Optical Post | 1 |
| 7 | UPH3 | UPH75/M | Universal Post Holder, 3" (75 mm) | 1 |
| 8 | MB612 | MB1530/M | Aluminum Breadboard, 6" x 12" (150 mm x 300 mm) | 1 |
| 9 | HW-KIT2 | HW-KIT2/M | 1/4"-20 (M6) Cap Screw and Hardware Kit | 1 |

- a. The wire connected to the LED is for illustrative purposes only, and electrical connections must be made by the user. LEDs also require a separate power supply or driver. Thorlabs offers compatible LD1255R and DC2200 Drivers.

[Hide DIY USB LED](#)

DIY USB LED

Do-It-Yourself USB LED

A Universal Serial Bus (USB) port can be used to quickly power many of the Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs) on this page for temporary use. USB ports are used in a variety of applications like charging batteries and transferring data; they are commonly found on computers, but they are increasingly found on other electronic devices, and even incorporated into wall outlets. This tab presents a step-by-step tutorial to take advantage of this port in order to power an LED. Take note of the spec sheet for the LED being used; if its Typical Forward Voltage is listed higher than 5 V, the LED will not be able to be powered by a USB port (this is explained using Equation 2 below). Spec sheets can be downloaded by clicking on the (📄) icon next to desired item.



Click to Enlarge
A LED630L being powered by the USB port in a laptop.

Example Application

It is possible to create a continuous lighting setup using an LED525L from the Thorlabs catalog, powered by a USB port. A 100 Ohm resistor should be used for this system. For an explanation on how this was determined, see Equations 3 and 4 below.

Warning

This tutorial contains instructions that require the creation of an electrical circuit, including the use of a soldering iron. Please be advised that the user is fully responsible for following proper practices with regards to creating an electric circuit when following this procedure. For other LED power solutions, visit our selection of current controllers for LEDs

Procedure (Click Images for Details)

Parts List

Components:

- An Unmounted LED
- A Type-A Male Connector USB Wire with Pigtails
- A Resistor (See *Choosing a Resistor*)
- (Optional) 5 VDC External Battery Pack (CPS1)
- (Optional) Repurposed USB with Type-A Male Connector (USB-C-36)

Tools:

- Wire Strippers

1. Prepare Wire



If the chosen USB wire is repurposed with two ends, unplug both ends and cut off the non-Type A Male end, leaving as much slack on the Type A Male end as possible using Wire Cutters.

2. Prepare Heat Shrink



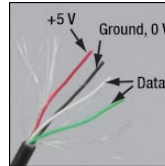
If heat shrink tubing will be utilized, place a length of two inches down the wire for later.

3. Strip Outer Casing



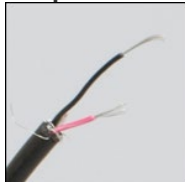
Strip the outer plastic about two inches from the end, being careful not to cut too far into the wire.

4. Clear Clutter



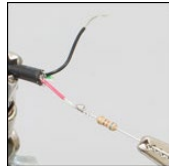
The wire will contain shielding and four smaller wires: Red (+5 V), Black (Ground, 0 V), White and Green. The latter two wires are used for data transfer.

5. Prepare Connections



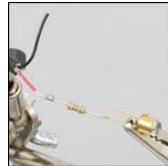
Cut away an inch of the red wire, any exposed shielding, and the white and green wires down to

6. Attach Resistor



Solder one end of the resistor (resistors are bidirectional, either end will do) to the red wire. The end of the resistor's lead and the

7. Attach LED

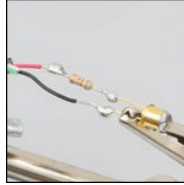


Find the positive pin on the LED, the anode, which can be found on the LED's Spec Sheet, and solder it to the resistor.

the main wire's remaining outer plastic while stripping the Red and Black wires to give enough room for a solder joint.

black wire should be roughly the same length.

8. Complete the Circuit



Solder the remaining, negative end of the LED, the cathode, to the black wire.

- Electrical Tape
- Soldering Iron
- Solder
- Helping Hand
- (Optional) Heat Shrink Tubing
- (Optional) Heat Gun or Hair Dryer

9. Insulate Connections



Once the solder has cooled, wrap each connection separately in a layer of electrical tape.

Warning: Improper insulation of exposed metal can lead to shorting of the circuit, electrical failure, or fire.

10. Clean Finish



Either cover the wrapped wires in electrical tape, or, if heat shrink tubing was placed down the wire, slide it up over the connections, and slowly heat with a heat gun or hair dryer until it snugly fits over the connections.



Thorlabs offers the AFS900, an adjustable stripping tool.

Choosing a Resistor

USB ports can produce up to 500 mA or higher in some cases, which is too much current for most LEDs. For this reason, an LED connected directly to a USB cable will burn out within a matter of hours. Placing a resistor before the LED in the circuit will reduce the current coming from the USB port, and allow the LED to operate.

To find the best resistor for the job, start with Ohm's Law, which gives the voltage across a wire,

$$V=IR \text{ (Equation 1),}$$

where V is Voltage, I is Current, and R is Resistance.

V here will be the difference between our voltage output from our source (V_s), and the forward voltage of our LED (V_f), found on the chosen LEDs spec sheet. V_f can be thought of as a threshold the current needs to overcome to get the LED to light up. Replacing the difference into Equation 1 yields

$$(V_s - V_f) = IR \text{ (Equation 2).}$$

I will match the operating current for our LED, found on the chosen LEDs spec sheet; rearranging the equation for R yields

$$R = (V_s - V_f) / I \text{ (Equation 3).}$$

Choose the resistor that is the closest match rounding up.

Looking at the specification sheet for the LED525, the Maximum DC Forward Current is 30 mA and the Typical Forward Voltage is 3.0 V^a. To keep the LED running at a current lower than the maximum, 20 mA will be chosen for the current. Knowing that a USB port has a 5 V potential, Equation 3 results in the following:

$$R = (V_s - V_f) / I = (5 \text{ V} - 3 \text{ V}) / .02 \text{ A} = 100 \text{ Ohm (Equation 4).}$$

A 100 Ohm resistor is a standard size, so no rounding up is needed.

- The Forward Voltage is rated at 50mA. This is because the Pulsed Forward Currents can be higher than 30 mA.

This system can be mobile with the addition of a 5 VDC External Battery Pack (CPS1), which is sold by Thorlabs. This device acts just like any other USB Type A female port. Alternatively, a battery holder can be hard wired on as long as the batteries supply a higher voltage than the LED's forward voltage V_f . In the case of adding a battery holder, Equation 3 is still applied, except changing the V_s to the batteries voltage. It may also be beneficial to add a switch to your circuit, so that way the LED can be switched on and off without needing to remove it from the power supply.

Powering Multiple LEDs

If more than one LED is needed, they can be combined in either series or parallel. If placed in series, LEDs' V_f will stack, requiring a larger V_s . A parallel configuration is more advantageous for LEDs; in this configuration, more current is needed from the power source, but the V_f can be satisfied on an individual basis by V_s . While in parallel, it is also very important that each LED has its own resistor, calculated as if each LED was independently connected to the battery, or the system will risk a total burn out if one LED fails, as each remaining LED would attempt to bear the current of the dead LED.

[Hide LED Selection Guide](#)

LED SELECTION GUIDE

This tab includes all LEDs sold by Thorlabs. Click on *More [+]* to view all available wavelengths for each type of LED pictured below.

| Light Emitting Diode (LED) Selection Guide | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| Click Photo to Enlarge (Representative; Not to Scale) |  |  |  |  |  | |
| Type | Unmounted LEDs | Pigtailed LEDs | LEDs in SMT Packages | LED Arrays | Cage-Compatible Diffuse Backlight LED | |
| Light Emitting Diode (LED) Selection Guide | | | | | | |
| Click Photo to Enlarge (Representative; Not to Scale) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | PCB-Mounted LEDs | Heatsink-Mounted LEDs | Collimated LEDs for Microscopy ^b | Fiber-Coupled LEDs ^c | High-Power LEDs for Microscopy | Multi-Wavelength LED Source Options ^d |

- a. Measured at 25 °C
- b. These Collimated LEDs are compatible with the standard and epi-illumination ports on the following microscopes: Olympus BX/IX (Item # Suffix: -C1), Leica DMI (Item # Suffix: -C2), Zeiss Axioskop (Item # Suffix: -C4), and Nikon Eclipse (Bayonet Mount, Item # Suffix: -C5).
- c. Typical power when used with MM Fiber with Ø400 µm core, 0.39 NA.
- d. Our Multi-Wavelength LED Sources are available with select combinations of the LEDs at these wavelengths.
- e. Typical power for LEDs with the Leica DMI collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C2).
- f. Minimum power for the collimated output of these LEDs. The collimation lens is installed with each LED.
- g. Typical power for LEDs with the Olympus BX and IX collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C1).
- h. Typical power for LEDs with the Nikon Eclipse collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C5).
- i. Percentage of LED intensity that emits in the blue portion of the spectrum, from 400 nm to 525 nm.
- j. Typical power for LEDs with the Zeiss Axioskop collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C4).

[Hide UV LEDs with Ball Lens \(250 - 275 nm\)](#)

UV LEDs with Ball Lens (250 - 275 nm)

| Item # | Info | Peak Wavelength ^a | Optical Power (Min) ^b | Spectral FWHM ^a | Viewing Half Angle ^a | Max DC Forward Current ^c | Package ^d |
|---------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| LED250J |  | 250 nm | 1 mW | 12 nm | 7.5° | 100 mA | TO-39 |
| LED255J |  | 255 nm | 1 mW | 12 nm | 7.5° | 100 mA | TO-39 |
| LED260J | | 260 nm | 1 mW | 12 nm | 7.5° | 100 mA | TO-39 |

| | | | | | | |
|---------|--------|------|-------|------|--------|-------|
| LED275J | 275 nm | 1 mW | 12 nm | 7.5° | 100 mA | TO-39 |
|---------|--------|------|-------|------|--------|-------|

- a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.
- b. At 100 mA.
- c. Temperature: 25 °C
- d. We recommend mounting these LEDs in S1LEDM LED Mounts with HSLT2 Passive Heat Sink Lens Tubes.

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|--|----------|--------------|
| LED250J | 250 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39 | \$430.16 | Today |
| LED255J | 255 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39 | \$382.98 | Today |
| LED260J | 260 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39 | \$395.01 | Today |
| LED275J | 275 nm LED with Ball Lens, 1 mW (Min), TO-39 | \$392.52 | Today |

[Hide Single-Color UV LEDs \(255 - 405 nm\)](#)

Single-Color UV LEDs (255 - 405 nm)

| Item # | Wavelength ^{a,b} | Optical Power ^{a,c} | Spectral FWHM ^a | Viewing Half Angle ^a | Max DC Forward Current ^d | Package |
|----------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| LED255W | 255 nm | 0.4 mW | 11 nm | 60° | 30 mA | TO-39 |
| LED260W | 265 nm | 1 mW | 11 nm | 60° | 30 mA | Ø9 mm |
| LED275W | 275 nm | 1.6 mW | 11 nm | 60° | 30 mA | Ø9 mm |
| LED280W | 280 nm | 2.3 mW | 12 nm | 57° | 40 mA | TO-39 |
| LED285J | 285 nm ^e | 1.3 mW ^d | 11 nm ^{c,d} | 6° ^{c,d} | 30 mA ^d | TO-39 |
| LED285W | 285 nm ^f | 1.6 mW | 11 nm | 60° | 30 mA | Ø9 mm |
| LED290W | 290 nm | 1.6 mW | 11 nm | 60° | 30 mA | Ø9 mm |
| LED295W | 295 nm | 1.2 mW | 11 nm | 60° | 30 mA | TO-39 |
| LED300W | 300 nm | 1.2 mW | 11 nm | 60° | 30 mA | Ø9 mm |
| LED310W | 310 nm ^f | 1.5 mW | 15 nm | 57° | 40 mA | TO-39 |
| LED325W2 | 325 nm ^f | 1.7 mW | 11 nm | 57° | 40 mA | TO-39 |
| LED340W | 340 nm ^f | 1.7 mW | 9 nm | 57° | 40 mA | TO-39 |
| LED341W | 340 nm | 0.33 mW | 15 nm | 60° | 20 mA | TO-39 |
| LED375L | 375 nm ^f | 1 mW | 10 nm | 20° | 30 mA | TO-18 |
| LED370E | 375 nm | 2.5 mW | 10 nm | 19° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED385L | 385 nm ^f | 5 mW | 12 nm | 16° | 30 mA | TO-18 |
| LED395L | 395 nm ^f | 6 mW | 15 nm | 16° | 30 mA | TO-18 |
| LED405L | 405 nm ^f | 6 mW | 20 nm | 17° | 30 mA | TO-18 |
| LED405E | 405 nm | 10 mW | 15 nm | 5° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 |

- a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.
- b. Center wavelength unless otherwise noted.
- c. At 20 mA unless otherwise noted.
- d. Specified for temperature of 25 °C.
- e. Nominal Wavelength
- f. Peak Wavelength

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|----------|--------------|
| LED255W | 255 nm LED with Window, 0.4 mW, TO-39 | \$460.08 | Today |
| LED260W | 260 nm LED with Window, 1 mW, Ø9 mm | \$929.88 | Today |

| | | | |
|----------|--|----------|-----------|
| LED275W | 275 nm LED with Window, 1.6 mW, Ø9 mm | \$398.81 | Today |
| LED280W | 280 nm LED with Window, 2.3 mW, TO-39 | \$308.49 | Today |
| LED285J | 285 nm LED with Aspheric Glass Lens, 1.3 mW, TO-39 | \$269.28 | Today |
| LED285W | 285 nm LED with Window, 1.6 mW, Ø9 mm | \$276.17 | 7-10 Days |
| LED290W | 290 nm LED with Window, 1.6 mW, Ø9 mm | \$261.00 | Today |
| LED295W | 295 nm LED with Window, 1.2 mW, TO-39 | \$230.55 | 7-10 Days |
| LED300W | 300 nm LED with Window, 1.2 mW, Ø9 mm | \$334.83 | 7-10 Days |
| LED310W | 310 nm LED with Window, 1.5 mW, TO-39 | \$308.49 | Today |
| LED325W2 | 325 nm LED with Window, 1.7 mW, TO-39 | \$308.49 | Today |
| LED340W | 340 nm LED with Window, 1.7 mW, TO-39 | \$308.49 | Today |
| LED341W | 340 nm LED with Window, 0.33 mW, TO-39 | \$208.47 | Today |
| LED375L | Customer Inspired! 375 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 1 mW, TO-18 | \$14.68 | Today |
| LED370E | 375 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.5 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$13.18 | Today |
| LED385L | Customer Inspired! 385 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18 | \$14.91 | Today |
| LED395L | Customer Inspired! 395 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 6 mW, TO-18 | \$15.03 | Today |
| LED405L | Customer Inspired! 405 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 6 mW, TO-18 | \$15.59 | Today |
| LED405E | 405 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 10 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$20.27 | Today |

[Hide Single-Color Visible LEDs \(430 - 680 nm\)](#)

Single-Color Visible LEDs (430 - 680 nm)

| Item # | Wavelength ^{a,b} | Optical Power ^a | Spectral FWHM ^a | Viewing Half Angle ^a | Max DC Forward Current ^c | Package |
|-----------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| LED430L | 430 nm | 8 mW (at 20 mA) | 20 nm | 22° | 50 mA | TO-18 |
| LED450L | 450 nm | 7 mW (at 20 mA) | 20 nm | 20° | 50 mA | TO-18 |
| LED450LW | 450 nm | 90 mW (at 100 mA) | 16 nm | 50° | 150 mA | TO-39 |
| LED465E | 465 nm ^d | 20.0 mW (at 20 mA) | 25 nm | 8° | 50 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED470L | 470 nm | 170 mW (at 350 mA) | 22 nm | 7° | 350 mA | TO-39 |
| LED490L | 490 nm | 3 mW (at 20 mA) | 20 nm | 20° | 50 mA | TO-18 |
| LED505L | 505 nm | 4 mW (at 50 mA) | 30 nm | 20° | 30 mA | TO-18 |
| LED525E | 525 nm ^d | 2.6 mW (at 20 mA) | 32 nm | 7.5° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED525L | 525 nm | 4 mW (at 50 mA) | 25 nm | 20° | 30 mA | TO-18 |
| LED528EHP | 525 nm ^d | 7.0 mW (at 20 mA) | 35 nm | 9° | 50 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED545L | 545 nm | 2.4 mW (at 20 mA) 8.7 mW (Pulsed, at 100 mA) | 39 nm | 12° | 50 mA | TO-18 |
| LED560L | 562 nm ^c | 0.15 mW (at 20 mA) ^c 0.6 mW (Max, at 50 mA) ^c | 11 nm ^c | 6° ^c | 50 mA | TO-18 |
| LED570L | 570 nm | 0.3 mW (at 20 mA) | 15 nm | 20° | 50 mA | TO-18 |
| LED590L | 590 nm | 2 mW (at 50 mA) | 15 nm | 20° | 30 mA | TO-18 |
| LED591E | 590 nm ^d | 2 mW (at 20 mA) | 20 nm | 10° | 50 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED595LW | 595 nm | 45 mW (at 100 mA) | 75 nm | 50° | 150 mA | TO-39 |
| LED600L | 600 nm | 3 mW (at 50 mA) | 12 nm | 15° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED610L | 610 nm | 8 mW (at 50 mA) | 12 nm | 25° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED625E | 625 nm ^e | 9 mW (at 20 mA) ^c | 20 nm ^{c,f} | 10° ^{c,f} | 50 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED625L | 625 nm | 12 mW (at 50 mA) | 14 nm | 24° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED630L | 630 nm | 16 mW (at 50 mA) | 14 nm | 22° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED635L | 635 nm ^d | 170 mW (at 350 mA) | 15 nm | 7° | 500 mA | TO-39 |
| LED630E | 639 nm ^d | 7.2 mW (at 20 mA) | 17 nm | 7.5° | 50 mA | T-1 3/4 |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|------------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|
| LED645L | 645 nm | 16 mW (at 50 mA) | 16 nm | 20° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED660L | 660 nm | 13 mW (at 50 mA) | 14 nm | 18° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED670L | 670 nm | 12 mW (at 50 mA) | 22 nm | 22° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED680L | 680 nm | 8 mW (at 50 mA) | 16 nm | 20° | 75 mA | TO-18 |

- a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.
- b. Peak wavelength unless otherwise noted.
- c. Specified for temperature of 25 °C.
- d. Center Wavelength
- e. Nominal Wavelength
- f. When Driven at 20 mA

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|--|---------|--------------|
| LED430L | Customer Inspired! 430 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-18 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED450L | Customer Inspired! 450 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 7 mW, TO-18 | \$13.28 | Today |
| LED450LW | 450 nm LED with a Flat Window, 90 mW, TO-39 | \$49.37 | Today |
| LED465E | 465 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 20 mW, TO-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$26.21 | Today |
| LED470L | 470 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 170 mW, TO-39 | \$66.38 | Today |
| LED490L | Customer Inspired! 490 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 3 mW, TO-18 | \$13.18 | Today |
| LED505L | 505 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18 | \$13.50 | Today |
| LED525E | 525 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.6 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$22.59 | Today |
| LED525L | 525 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18 | \$13.50 | Today |
| LED528EHP | 525 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 7 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$26.21 | Today |
| LED545L | 545 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 2.4 mW, TO-18 | \$19.89 | Today |
| LED560L | 562 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 0.15 mW, TO-18 | \$17.85 | Today |
| LED570L | 570 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 0.3 mW, TO-18 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED590L | 590 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 2 mW, TO-18 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED591E | 590 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$21.43 | Today |
| LED595LW | 595 nm LED with a Flat Window, 45 mW, TO-39 | \$30.09 | Today |
| LED600L | 600 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 3 mW, TO-18 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED610L | 610 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-18 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED625E | NEW! 625 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 9 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$6.74 | Today |
| LED625L | 625 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 12 mW, TO-18 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED630L | 630 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 16 mW, TO-18 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED635L | 635 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 170 mW, TO-39 | \$66.38 | Today |
| LED630E | 639 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 7.2 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$15.84 | Today |
| LED645L | 645 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 16 mW, TO-18 | \$13.28 | Lead Time |
| LED660L | 660 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 13 mW, TO-18 | \$13.03 | Today |
| LED670L | 670 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 12 mW, TO-18 | \$13.03 | Today |
| LED680L | 680 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-18 | \$13.03 | Today |

[Hide Single-Color IR LEDs \(750 - 1600 nm\)](#)

Single-Color IR LEDs (750 - 1600 nm)

| Item # | Wavelength ^{a,b} | Optical Power ^a | Spectral FWHM ^a | Viewing Half Angle ^a | Max DC Forward Current ^c | Package |
|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| LED750L | 750 nm | 18 mW (at 50 mA) | 23 nm | 11° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED760L | 760 nm | 24 mW (at 50 mA) | 24 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED770L | 770 nm | 22 mW (at 50 mA) | 28 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED780E | 780 nm ^d | 18 mW (at 50 mA) | 30 nm | 10° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|
| LED780L | 780 nm | 22 mW (at 50 mA) | 25 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED800L | 800 nm | 20 mW (at 50 mA) | 30 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED810L | 810 nm | 22 mW (at 50 mA) | 30 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED830L | 830 nm | 22 mW (at 50 mA) | 32 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED840L | 840 nm | 22 mW (at 50 mA) | 35 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED850LN | 850 nm | 100 mW (at 500 mA) | 55 nm | 3.5° | 500 mA | TO-39 |
| LED850LW | 850 nm | 140 mW (at 500 mA) | 55 nm | 55° | 500 mA | TO-39 |
| LED851L | 850 nm ^d | 13 mW (at 20 mA) | 40 nm | 10° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED870E | 870 nm ^d | 22 mW | 40 nm | 10° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED870L | 870 nm | 24 mW (at 50 mA) | 42 nm | 13° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED890L | 890 nm | 12 mW (at 50 mA) | 44 nm | 14° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED910L | 910 nm | 10 mW (at 50 mA) | 44 nm | 12° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED910E | 910 nm ^d | 12 mW (at 50 mA) | 35 nm | 7° | 100 mA | Ø5.5 mm |
| LED930L | 930 nm | 15 mW (at 50 mA) | 60 nm | 14° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED940E | 940 nm ^d | 18 mW | 50 nm | 10° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED970L | 970 nm | 5 mW (at 50 mA) | 46 nm | 14° | 75 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1050E | 1050 nm ^d | 2.5 mW | 55 nm | 15° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED1050L | 1050 nm | 4 mW (at 50 mA) | 50 nm | 15° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1050L2 | 1050 nm ^c | 8 mW (at 50 mA) ^c | 42 nm ^c | 9° ^c | 100 mA ^c | TO-46 |
| LED1070L | 1070 nm | 4 mW (at 50 mA) | 55 nm | 15° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1070E | 1070 nm ^d | 7.5 mW (at 50 mA) | 80 nm | 15° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED1085L | 1085 nm | 5 mW (at 50 mA) | 50 nm | 15° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1200E | 1200 nm ^d | 2.5 mW (at 20 mA) | 100 nm | 15° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED1200L | 1200 nm | 5 mW (at 50 mA) | 70 nm | 15° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1300E | 1300 nm ^d | 2 mW (at 20 mA) | 100 nm | 15° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED1300L | 1300 nm | 3.5 mW (at 50 mA) | 85 nm | 20° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1450E | 1450 nm ^d | 2 mW (at 20 mA) | 100 nm | 15° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED1450L | 1450 nm | 5 mW (at 50 mA) | 105 nm | 14° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1550E | 1550 nm ^d | 2 mW (at 20 mA) | 100 nm | 15° | 100 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LED1550L | 1550 nm | 4 mW (at 50 mA) | 120 nm | 15° | 100 mA | TO-18 |
| LED1600L | 1600 nm | 2 mW (at 50 mA) | 130 nm | 15° | 100 mA | TO-18 |

- a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.
- b. Peak wavelength unless otherwise noted.
- c. Specified for temperature of 25 °C.
- d. Center Wavelength

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|---|---------|--------------|
| LED750L | 750 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 18 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED760L | 760 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 24 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED770L | 770 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED780E | 780 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 18 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$31.15 | Today |
| LED780L | 780 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED800L | 800 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 20 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED810L | 810 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED830L | 830 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED840L | 840 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 22 mW, TO-18 | \$10.40 | Today |
| LED850LN | 850 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 100 mW, TO-39 | \$27.79 | Today |

| | | | |
|-----------|---|---------|-----------|
| LED850LW | 850 nm LED with a Flat Window, 140 mW, TO-39 | \$25.48 | Today |
| LED851L | 850 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 13 mW, TO-18 | \$16.20 | Today |
| LED870E | 870 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 22 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$20.27 | Today |
| LED870L | 870 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 24 mW, TO-18 | \$10.33 | Today |
| LED890L | 890 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 12 mW, TO-18 | \$9.21 | Today |
| LED910L | 910 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 10 mW, TO-18 | \$9.21 | 7-10 Days |
| LED910E | 910 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 12 mW, Ø5.5 mm | \$9.85 | Today |
| LED930L | 930 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 15 mW, TO-18 | \$8.12 | Today |
| LED940E | 940 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 18 mW, T-1 3/4, Qty. of 5 | \$13.39 | Today |
| LED970L | 970 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18 | \$8.12 | Today |
| LED1050E | 1050 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.5 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$20.73 | Today |
| LED1050L | 1050 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18 | \$27.95 | Today |
| LED1050L2 | 1050 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 8 mW, TO-46 | \$31.59 | Today |
| LED1070L | 1070 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18 | \$27.84 | Today |
| LED1070E | 1070 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 7.5 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$24.45 | Today |
| LED1085L | 1085 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18 | \$27.95 | Today |
| LED1200E | 1200 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.5 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$22.12 | Today |
| LED1200L | 1200 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18 | \$28.77 | Today |
| LED1300E | 1300 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.0 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$21.19 | Today |
| LED1300L | 1300 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 3.5 mW, TO-18 | \$28.89 | Today |
| LED1450E | 1450 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.0 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$20.84 | Today |
| LED1450L | 1450 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 5 mW, TO-18 | \$28.17 | Today |
| LED1550E | 1550 nm Epoxy-Encased LED, 2.0 mW, T-1 3/4 | \$21.43 | Today |
| LED1550L | 1550 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 4 mW, TO-18 | \$27.13 | Today |
| LED1600L | 1600 nm LED with a Glass Lens, 2 mW, TO-18 | \$27.26 | Today |

[Hide Single-Color IR LEDs \(1650 - 4500 nm\)](#)

Single-Color IR LEDs (1650 - 4500 nm)

| Item # | Center Wavelength ^{a,b} | Optical Power ^{a,b} | Spectral FWHM ^{a,b} | Viewing Half Angle ^a | Max Quasi-CW (qCW) Forward Current ^a | Package |
|----------|----------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|---|---------|
| LED1600P | 1650 nm | 1.2 mW qCW at 200 mA | 150 nm | - ^c | 200 mA | TO-18R |
| LED1700P | 1750 nm | 1.2 mW qCW at 200 mA (30 mW Pulsed at 1 A) | 150 nm | - ^c | 200 mA | TO-18R |
| LED1800P | 1850 nm | 0.9 mW qCW at 100 mA (20.0 mW Pulsed at 2 A) | 150 nm | - ^c | 200 mA | TO-18R |
| LED1900P | 1950 nm | 1.0 mW qCW at 200 mA (25.0 mW Pulsed at 1 A) | 150 nm | - ^c | 200 mA | TO-18R |
| LED2050P | 2050 nm | 1.1 mW qCW at 200 mA (28 mW Pulsed at 2 A) | 200 nm | - ^c | 200 mA | TO-18R |
| LED2350P | 2350 nm | 0.8 mW qCW at 200 mA (16.0 mW Pulsed at 1 A) | 220 nm | - ^c | 200 mA | TO-18R |
| LED2700W | 2700 - 2790 nm ^{d,e,f} | 150 µW qCW at 200 mA ^e (1000 µW Pulsed at 1 A) ^g | 300 nm (Min) ^{e,f} 500 nm (Max) ^{e,f} | 15° | 200 mA ^{e,h} | TO-18 |
| LED2800W | 2830 - 2900 nm ^{d,e,f} | 300 µW qCW at 200 mA ^e (2000 µW Pulsed at 1 A) ^g | 300 nm (Min) ^{e,f} 500 nm (Max) ^{e,f} | 15° | 200 mA ^{e,h} | TO-18 |
| LED3400W | 3300 - 3440 nm ^{d,e,f} | 300 µW qCW at 200 mA ^e (2000 µW Pulsed at 1 A) ^g | 300 nm (Min) ^{e,f} 500 nm (Max) ^{e,f} | 15.5° | 200 mA ^{e,h} | TO-18 |
| LED4300P | 4200 nm | 30 µW qCW at 200 mA (200 µW Pulsed at 1 A) | 400 - 1200 nm | - ^c | 250 mA | TO-18R |

- a. Specified for temperature of 25 °C.
- b. Typical values unless otherwise noted.
- c. This data is unavailable. For LEDs with a parabolic reflector, expect the viewing half angle to be only a few degrees.
- d. Peak Wavelength
- e. Repetition Rate: 0.5 kHz, Pulse Duration: 1 ms, and Duty Cycle: 50%
- f. Measured at 150 mA
- g. Repetition Rate: 0.5 kHz, Pulse Duration: 20 μs, and Duty Cycle: 1%
- h. For Long-Time Operation

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|---|----------|--------------|
| LED1600P | 1650 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1.2 mW Quasi-CW, TO-18R | \$96.38 | Today |
| LED1700P | 1750 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1.2 mW Quasi-CW, 30 mW Pulsed, TO-18R | \$96.38 | Today |
| LED1800P | 1850 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 0.9 mW Quasi-CW, 20.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18R | \$140.91 | Today |
| LED1900P | 1950 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1 mW Quasi-CW, 25.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18R | \$140.91 | Today |
| LED2050P | 2050 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 1.1 mW Quasi-CW, 28 mW Pulsed, TO-18R | \$140.91 | Today |
| LED2350P | 2350 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 0.8 mW Quasi-CW, 16.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18R | \$140.91 | Today |
| LED2700W | 2700 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.15 mW Quasi-CW, 1.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18 | \$120.65 | Today |
| LED2800W | 2800 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.3 mW Quasi-CW, 2.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18 | \$120.65 | Today |
| LED3400W | 3300 nm LED with Glass Cover, 0.3 mW Quasi-CW, 2.0 mW Pulsed, TO-18 | \$55.15 | Lead Time |
| LED4300P | 4200 nm LED with Parabolic Reflector, 30 μW Quasi-CW, 200 μW Pulsed, TO-18R | \$80.94 | Today |

[Hide Multi-Color LEDs](#)

Multi-Color LEDs

| Item # | Center Wavelength ^a | Optical Power ^a | Spectral FWHM ^a | Viewing Half Angle ^a | Max DC Forward Current ^b | Package |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| LEDGR | 625 nm and 572 nm | 0.19 mW and 0.09 mW (at 20 mA) | 40 nm and 30 nm | 15° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 ^c |
| LEDRY | 617 nm and 588 nm | 0.19 mW and 0.09 mW (at 20 mA) | 45 nm and 35 nm | 30° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 ^c |
| LEDRGBE (R, G, and B) | 627.5 nm, 525 nm, and 467.5 nm | 5.8 mW, 3.1 mW, and 6.2 mW | 20 nm, 36 nm, and 15 nm | 25° | 50 mA | T-1 3/4 ^c |

- a. Typical values unless otherwise noted.
- b. Specified for temperature of 25 °C.
- c. This LED is not compatible with the 8060-2 LED socket due to the extra pins required for multi-color operation.

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|---|---------|--------------|
| LEDGR | 625/572 nm Dual-Color LED, Qty. of 5 | \$15.60 | Today |
| LEDRY | 617/588 nm Dual-Color LED, Qty. of 5 | \$14.68 | Today |
| LEDRGBE | 627.5/525/467.5 nm Tri-Color LED, Qty. of 5 | \$34.66 | Today |

[Hide White Light LEDs](#)

White Light LEDs

| Item # | Wavelength Range ^a | Optical Power ^{a,b} | Spectral FWHM ^a | Viewing Half Angle ^a | Max DC Forward Current ^c | Package |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| LEDWE-15 ^d | 430 - 660 nm | 13.0 mW | N/A | 7.5° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LEDW7E | 430 - 660 nm | 15.0 mW | N/A | 7.5° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 |
| LEDW25E | 430 - 660 nm | 15.0 mW | N/A | 25° | 30 mA | T-1 3/4 |

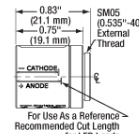
- a. Typical values, unless noted otherwise.
- b. At 20 mA unless otherwise noted.
- c. Specified at a temperature of 25 °C.
- d. Does not fit the LEDMT1E.

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|--|---------|--------------|
| LEDWE-15 | Epoxy-Encased White Light LED, 13.0 mW, 7.5° Half Viewing Angle, Qty. of 5 | \$10.71 | Today |
| LEDW7E | Epoxy-Encased White Light LED, 15.0 mW, 7.5° Half Viewing Angle, Qty. of 5 | \$8.59 | Today |
| LEDW25E | Epoxy-Encased White Light LED, 15.0 mW, 25° Half Viewing Angle, Qty. of 5 | \$8.91 | Today |

[Hide USB-Powered LED Mounts](#)

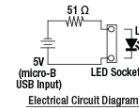
USB-Powered LED Mounts

- ▶ USB-Powered Mount for LEDs in T-1 3/4 Packages
- ▶ Options with Built-In 51 Ω or 62 Ω Current-Limiting Resistor for Different Electrical Requirements
- ▶ External SM05 (0.535"-40) Mounting Thread
- ▶ Includes Micro-B USB to USB Type-A Cable for Power LED Module



For Use As a Reference - Recommended Cut Length for LED Leads

Click for Details LEDMT1E Mechanical Schematic



Click to Enlarge LEDMT1E Electrical Schematic

These USB-Powered LED Mounts provide both power and a mounting socket for our unmounted LEDs in T-1 3/4 packages within a single compact housing. Because of the varied electrical requirements, we offer the LED mounts with either a 51 Ω or 62 Ω current-limiting resistor. The module is powered via the micro-B USB port on the back of the housing which can be connected to a USB power source or PC via the included USB to micro-B USB cable. The housing exterior features external SM05 (0.535"-40) threading which can be used to integrate these mounts with a cage system or SM05-threaded component.

When mounting an LED, use the engraving on the housing to determine the appropriate length to cut the leads (see drawing to the right). Insert the LED with the anode lead going into the socket indicated by a (+) sign and the cathode into the socket indicated by a (-) sign. Use light force to mount the LED as excessive force may bend the electrode leads.

These powered mounts offer a fixed resistance and input voltage; choosing the appropriate mount for your LED will minimize damage to the LED. In general, a mount with a lower resistance value will increase the forward current available to the LED and proportionally increase the optical output power. However, the forward current must not exceed the maximum current of LED as this can cause permanent damage to the LED. The minimum mount resistance (R) recommended to use a desired LED is given by the following equation:

$$R = \frac{V_{I,Source} - V_{F,Typ}}{I_{F,Max}}$$

where the input voltage of the mount ($V_{I,Source}$) is 5 V and the typical forward voltage ($V_{F,Typ}$) and maximum forward current ($I_{F,Max}$) are properties of each LED. Please consult the specifications of your LED for these values.

| Item # | LEDMT1E | LEDMT1F |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| Input Voltage (V_I) | 5 V | |
| Resistance | 51 Ω | 62 Ω |
| Compatible LED Package | T-1 3/4 ^a | |
| Mounting Thread | External SM05 (0.535"-40) | |
| Outer Dimensions | Ø0.70" x 0.83" | |
| Compatible LEDs ^b | LED370E LED405E LED465E LED528EHP LED780E LED870E LED940E LED1050E LED1070E LED1200E LED1300E LED1450E LED1550E | LED525E LED591E LED625E LED630E LEDW25E LEDW7E |

- a. LEDs with three pins and the LEDWE-15 are not compatible with the powered LED mounts.
- b. LEDs compatible with a lower resistance mount will typically work with a higher resistance mount but with decreased output power.

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|---|---------|--------------|
| LEDMT1E | Customer Inspired! USB-Powered LED Mount, 51 Ω Resistor | \$51.38 | Today |
| LEDMT1F | Customer Inspired! USB-Powered LED Mount, 62 Ω Resistor | \$51.38 | Today |

[Hide LED Mounts](#)

LED Mounts

The LEDMF LED Mount is designed to hold any of Thorlabs' TO-18R packages directly or our T-1 3/4 or TO-18 packages using one of the included adapter rings (Ø4.7 mm adapter for TO-18 or Ø5 mm adapter for T-1 3/4). The LED is secured in the mount with a top-located cap screw with a 5/64" (2 mm) hex. The L-shaped mount has a counterbored through hole suitable for an 8-32 (M4) cap screw so that the LEDMF can be attached to a Ø1/2" Post.

The S05LEDM and S1LEDM LED Mounts are SM05 (0.535"-40) and SM1 (1.035"-40) threaded, respectively. They are designed to hold any of Thorlabs' TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, or T-1 3/4 packages using the included adapter rings. The external threading on these mounts allows them to be used in a wide variety of SM05- or SM1-compatible optomechanics.

To aid in threading the retaining ring into the mount or in threading the mount into a mating component, we recommend using our selection of spanner wrenches. The SPW801 Adjustable Spanner Wrench can be used to thread LED retaining rings into the mount and the mount into a mating component. Alternatively, the table to the right also lists the compatible fixed spanner wrench for each mount.

| LED Mount Compatibility | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Item # | LED Package | External Mounting Threads | Compatible Spanner Wrenches | |
| | | | Mount | LED Retaining Ring |
| LEDMF | TO-18, TO-18R, and T-1 3/4 ^a | Smooth Bore | N/A | N/A |
| S05LEDM | TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, and T-1 3/4 ^a | SM05 (0.535"-40) | SPW603 SPW801 | SPW301 SPW801 |
| S1LEDM | | SM1 (1.035"-40) | SPW909 SPW801 | |

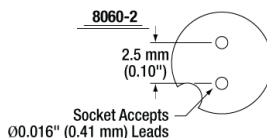
- a. The LEDRGBE, LEDGR, and LEDRY are not compatible with the LEDMF, S05LEDM, and S1LEDM, as the lead spacing prevents them from being mounted.

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|---|---------|--------------|
| LEDMF | Ø1/2" Post-Mountable LED Mount for TO-18, TO-18R, and T-1 3/4 LEDs | \$31.15 | Today |
| S05LEDM | Customer Inspired! SM05-Threaded Mount for TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, or T-1 3/4 LEDs | \$37.28 | Today |
| S1LEDM | SM1-Threaded Mount for TO-18, TO-39, TO-46, or T-1 3/4 LEDs | \$37.80 | Today |

[Hide LED Socket](#)

LED Socket

Thorlabs offers a light-emitting diode (LED) socket that is compatible with LEDs that have two leads. This socket fits LED leads that are Ø0.016" (Ø0.41 mm) and ≤0.22" (5.6 mm) long. The socket has gold-plated beryllium copper contacts and meets RoHS compliance. Color varies by lot and may be white, off white, black, or tan.



| Specifications | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Conductor | Beryllium Copper (BeCu) |
| Insulator | PTFE |
| Compatible Lead Diameters | 0.016" (0.41 mm) |
| Compatible Lead Lengths | ≤0.22" (5.6 mm) |
| Outer Diameter | 5.8 mm (0.23") |
| Substrate Thickness | 6.9 mm (0.27") |

| Part Number | Description | Price | Availability |
|-------------|---|---------|--------------|
| 8060-2 | Light-Emitting Diode Socket for LEDs, 2 Pin | \$12.60 | Today |

